

BA 417 – Political and Legal Aspects of International Business

COURSE SYLLABUS Fall 2023

Instructor: Professor Leon Kil

Lecture Schedule: Wednesday, 3:30 PM – 6:15 PM

Credits: 4 units: 3 units / 45 lecture hours + 1-unit individual research project

Level: Mastery 2 / Research (M2R)

Office Hours: Wednesday, 12:00 – 12:30 PM, Room 407

e-mail: lkil@lincolnuca.edu

Textbook: Course Reader compiled by the instructor

Prerequisite: None

Last Revision: August 12, 2023

CATALOG DESCRIPTION:

The course includes: analysis of political, military, economic and ideological factors affecting the behavior of states and the conduct of transnational business, with particular attention to multinational enterprises, formulation of foreign policy processes, including economic and trade policies. It also includes: analysis of international legal systems, with particular emphasis on business disputes arising from anti-trust laws; contracts and agreements; tariff liabilities; nationalization problems; procedures for arbitration and settlement. A one-unit written research project and its oral presentation are required for the course. (4 units)

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- Understanding the origins of the central institutions of capitalism: private property, the nation-state, competition, and international law.
- Analyzing the role of the state in fostering and strengthening industrial enterprise and R&D.
- Considering the sources and the implications of concentration and globalization of commodity production and capital flows.
- Examining the roots and consequences of international political and economic inequality for international legal regimes, their fairness and efficacy across the globe.
- Understanding the importance of political factors in shaping national reactions to international legal arrangements in corporate governance, asset protection, multilateral

- trade and monetary commitments, climate accords, human migration, and non-proliferation of weapons of mass destruction.
- Accounting for how and when business interests rally in support for free trade and economic openness versus for protectionism and economic nationalism.

COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES¹

	Course LO	Program LO	Institutional LO	Assessment activities
1	Understand the origins of the central institutions of capitalism: private property, the nation-state, competition, and international law.	PLO 1	ILO 1c, ILO 2c, ILO 7c	Assess the factors which contribute to sustained capacity to gain and retain international competitiveness across different historical contexts.
2	Analyze the role of the state in fostering and strengthening industrial enterprise and R&D.	PLO 2	ILO 1c, ILO 2c, ILO 4c	Assess how domestic and external factors influence the shape of state-business relations (i.e., capital accumulation and capital allocation) and how they influence the degree and the mode of state regulation of the domestic economy and its linkages with the world market.
3	Consider the sources and the implications of concentration and globalization of commodity production and capital flows.	PLO 3	ILO 1c, ILO 2c, ILO 7c	Assess how and why capitalist enterprises seek to expand to foreign markets and what impact this expansion tends to have on the more underdeveloped economies at different historical junctures.
4	Examine the roots and consequences of international political and economic inequality for international legal regimes, their fairness and efficacy	PLO 2	ILO 1c, ILO 2c, ILO 4c	Assess asymmetries in power and influence which result from international economic disparity and how they are reflected in central areas of contestation and conflict such as legal regimes

¹ Detailed description of learning outcomes and information about the assessment procedure are available at the <u>Learning Outcomes Assessment</u> section of LU website.

	across the globe			governing trade, currency
				valuation, property rights
				enforcement, migration flows,
				etc.
5	Understand the importance	PLO 6	ILO 3c	Assess how and when transnational business networks
	of political factors in			
	shaping national reactions to			get established and solidified
	international legal			and why they get disrupted and
	arrangements in corporate			subjected to the resurgence of
	governance, asset protection,			state-promoted economic
	multilateral trade and			nationalism.
	monetary commitments,			
	climate accords, human			
	migration, and non-			
	proliferation of weapons of			
	mass destruction.			
6	Account for how and when	PLO 2	ILO 1c,	Assess the efficacy of
	business interests rally in		ILO 2c,	international legal agreements
	support for free trade and		ILO 4c	such as arbitration agreements,
	economic openness versus			forum selection clauses,
	for protectionism and			international anti-bribery laws,
	economic nationalism			theories and practice of
				expropriation and
				nationalization, and foreign
				sovereign immunity.

INSTRUCTIONAL METHODS

Students are expected to read the assigned reading materials before each class. Case studies demonstrating specific issues of interest will comprise a part of each class session. Students will consider the case studies individually and in groups.

Each session will strike a balance between thematic lecture and teacher-student interaction in the class.

Assignments and projects require students to actively use resources of the library. Detailed guide to business *resources of the library* as well as the description of Lincoln University approach to *information literacy* are available at the <u>LU Library</u> website (lincolnuca.libguides.com).

INDIVIDUAL PROJECT PRESENTATION

Each student is expected to choose a topic related to the subject matter – it could be contemporary or historical or comparative – and present a short reflection on it to the rest of the class. This should be done through consultations with the instructor. At the end of the course each student

should submit a 6-8 page written document detailing one's findings and thinking. In your project/presentation, please explain how your topic/issue is related to the interaction between political power and business interests, what interesting and important lessons we can derive from analyzing this issue, and what kind of further research you would like to pursue with regard to it. Feel free to make use of the materials from class as well as any other reputable source. The order of presentations will be determined on a volunteer basis and then by a lottery.

TESTING

There will be one mid-term examination and one final examination. The midterm exam will be in the take-home format. The final exam – an in-class. Both examinations are based on the assigned readings and lectures. There will be a review for both exams ahead of time.

GRADING

Grading will be based on the following criteria:

Mid-term: 25 per centFinal Examination: 40 per centClass Attendance and Participation: 10 per centIndividual Project: 25 per centTotal: 100 per cent

Grading Standard:

Grade	A	A-	B+	В	В-	C+	С	C-	D+	D	F
Points	95-100	90-94	87-89	84-86	80-83	77-79	74-76	70-72	67-69	60-66	0-59

Classroom Protocol:

Courtesy is expected. This includes no cell phone usage. Excessive talking will be punished by immediate beheading.

COURSE CALENDAR AND ASSIGNMENTS

The assigned material for each date should be read <u>before</u> the class. Class participation in discussing the material is expected.

Week 1 (Aug. 23): Political and Legal Power amidst Global Economic Interdependence

Introducing the main themes of the course

Week 2 (Aug. 30): Formation of Modern State-Business Relations

- Morris R. Cohen, "Property and Sovereignty," *Cornell Law Review*, vol. 13, issue 1 (December 1927)
- Charles Tilly, "War Making and State Making as Organized Crime" in Peter B. Evans et al., eds., <u>Bringing the State Back In</u> (Cambridge UP, 1985), pp. 169-191

Week 3 (Sept. 6): Three Templates of Foreign Economic Policy: Mercantilism, Liberalism, Nationalism

- David Boucher. <u>Political Theories of International Relations: from Thucydides to the Present</u> (Oxford: Oxford UP, 1998), chapter 7
- Robert L. Heilbroner. <u>The Worldly Philosophers: the Lives, Times, and Ideas of the Great Economic Thinkers</u> (Simon&Shuster, 1995), chapter 3
- David Levi-Faur, "Friedrich List and the Political Economy of the Nation-State," *Review of International Political Economy*, vol. 4, issue 1, 1997, pp. 154-178

Week 4 (Sept. 13): Capital Accumulation and Capital Allocation in European Industrial Growth

- Alexander Gerschenkron, "Economic Backwardness in Historical Perspective" in Mark Granovetter and Richard Swedberg, eds., <u>The Sociology of Economic Life</u> (Boulder: Westview, 1992), pp. 111-130
- Linda Weiss and John M. Hobson, "Strong and Weak States in European Industrialization" in their <u>States and Economic Development</u>: a <u>Comparative Historical Analysis</u> (London: Polity, 1996), pp. 93-129

Week 5 (Sept. 20): International Economic Crises and National Reactions

• Ronald Rogowski, "Why Changing Exposure to Trade Should Affect Political Cleavages" in his <u>Commerce and Coalitions: How Trade Affects Domestic Political Alignments</u> (Princeton: Princeton UP, 1989), pp. 3-20.

Week 6 (Sept. 27): International Politico-Economic Influences on Capital Accumulation and the Psychology of Consumption

- John M. Hobson, <u>The Wealth of States: a Comparative Sociology of International Economic and Political Change</u> (Cambridge: Cambridge UP, 1997), chapter 6.
- Ragnar Nurkse, <u>Problems of Capital Formation in Underdeveloped Countries</u> (Oxford UP, 1970).

Week 7 (Oct. 4): Uneven Development of Capitalism and the Theories and Practice of Imperialism

- !!! Midterm Exam Questions distributed to the students !!!
- Vladimir Lenin, <u>Imperialism</u>, the <u>Highest Stage of Capitalism</u>, entire, accessible at: http://www.marxists.org/archive/lenin/works/1916/imp-hsc/

Week 8 (Oct. 11): International Trade and International Business Between the First and the Second World War (1914-1945)

- !!! Midterm Exams Due in Class !!!
- Karl Polanyi, <u>The Great Transformation: the Political and Economic Origins of Our Time</u> (Boston: Beacon Press, 2001), chapters 11-18

Week 9 (Oct. 18): America's Benevolent Hegemony, 'Organized Capitalism' and the Political Economy of the Cold War

- John Gerard Ruggie, "International Regimes, Transactions, and Change: Embedded Liberalism in the Postwar Economic Order" in Stephen Krasner, ed., <u>International Regimes</u> (Ithaca: Cornell UP, 1981), pp. 195-232.
- Stephan Haggard, "Explaining Development Strategies" in his <u>Pathways from the Periphery: the Politics of Growth in the Newly Industrializing Countries</u> (Ithaca: Cornell UP, 1990), pp. 23-48.
- Hagen Koo, "The Interplay of State, Social Class, and World System in East Asian Development: the Cases of South Korea and Taiwan" in Frederic C. Deyo, ed., <u>The</u> <u>Political Economy of the New Asian Industrialism</u> (Ithaca: Cornell UP, 1987), pp. 165-181

Week 10 (Oct. 25): The Origins of Neo-Liberal Globalization in the Industrialized and the Developing World

- William K. Carroll and J.P.Sapinski, "Neoliberalism and the Transnational Capitalist Class" in Simon Springer et al., eds., <u>The Handbook of Neoliberalism</u> (Routledge, 2016), pp. 39-49
- Dieter Plehwe, "Neoliberal Hegemony" in Simon Springer et al., eds., <u>The Handbook of Neoliberalism</u> (Routledge, 2016), pp. 61-72
- Kiren Chaudhry, "The Myths of the Market and the Common History of Late Developers" in Naazneen H. Barma and Steven K. Vogel, eds., <u>The Political Economy Reader: Markets as Institutions</u> (London: Routledge, 2008), pp. 447-473

Week 11 (Nov. 1): The Empire of Capital: Transnational Business and Its Legal Regimes

- Ronen Palan. <u>The Offshore World: Sovereign Markets, Virtual Places, and Nomad Millionaires</u> (Ithaca: Cornell UP, 2003), chapters 1-2
- Garry Gereffi, "Global Value Chains in a post-Washington Consensus World," *Review of International Political Economy*, vol. 21, issue 1, 2014, pp. 9-37

Week 12 (Nov. 8): American Hegemony Challenged and the Rise of Alternative Centers of Capital Accumulation

- Stephen S. Cohen and J. Bradford DeLong. <u>The End of Influence: What Happens when Other Countries Have the Money</u> (Basic Books, 2010), chapters 4 and 5
- Henry Farrell and Abraham L. Newman, "Weaponized Interdependence: How Global Economic Networks Shape State Coercion," *International Security*, vol. 44, no. 1 (Summer 2019), pp. 42–79

Week 13 (Nov. 15): A New Globalization Project or a New World War?

• Klaus Schwab. <u>Stakeholder Capitalism: a Global Economy that Works for Progress, People</u> and Planet (World Economic Forum, 2021).

Week 14 (Nov. 22): THANKSGIVING: No class!

Week 15 (Nov. 29): Individual Project Presentations

Week 16 (Dec. 6): Final Examination

INDIVIDUAL RESEARCH PROJECT (1 unit)

Each student registered for a 400-level course must complete a one unit research project in addition to the coursework described in this syllabus. The specific topic will be assigned by the instructor or student may select other topic of interest.

The project requires 45 hours of self-study with regular consultations in accordance with the schedule determined by the instructor. The project work results in a written report (not less than 15 pages; APA style) and an oral presentation during the class session.

Evaluation of the student's work will be done using the following rubric:

WRITTEN REPORT							
	Exceeds	Meets	Does Not Meet	Not Present			
	Standards	Standards	Standards				
Research	The statement	Clearly and	The statement of	The statement			
Problem	of a research	concisely	a research	of a research			
Statement	problem is	identifies a	problem is	problem is			
	crystal clear,	research	incomplete,	absent.			
	novel, and	problem	lacking				
	thought		precision.				
	provoking						
Organization	The report is	The	Organization is	The report			
	logically	development	confusing,	lacks			
	organized; ideas	of ideas is	disjointed, and	organization			
	are	present; the	inconsistent;				
	exceptionally	conclusion is	ideas, if present,				
	well-developed	effective and	are not				
	and support a	directly	developed; the				
	thoughtful and	addresses the	conclusion is				
	engaging	original thesis.	vague and/or				
	conclusion.		does not address	_			
Sources and	A variety of	A few high-	Sources used are	Sources are not			
formatting	high-quality	quality sources	of a questionable	identified or of			
	sources are used;	are used;	quality:	a poor quality:			
	all factual claims	majority of	factual	factual claims			
	are supported	factual claims	claims are	are			
	with citations.	are supported	not	unsubstantiated.			
	The report	with citations	supported.	The report is			
	follows the	The report	Use of APA style	poorly			
	APA style	mostly follows	is inconsistent.	formatted			
	guidelines.	the APA style					
		guidelines.					

PRESENTATION						
	Exceeds Standards	Meets Standards	Does Not Meet Standards			
Style and Organization	Presentation is clear, confident, and fully engaging; the use of visual aids enhances its effectiveness; the presentation is well-timed and structured.	Presentation is clear; the use of visual aids is not detrimental to audience engagement; all necessary components are given appropriate time.	Presentation lacks clarity, no attempt is made to engage the audience; visual aids are haphazard and distracting; lack of structure results in an inefficient use of time.			
Questions and Answers	Student demonstrates extensive knowledge of the topic by providing confident, precise, and appropriate responses to all audience question.	Student demonstrates knowledge of the topic by responding adequately to questions of the audience.	Student demonstrates lack of knowledge of the topic by responding inaccurately and inappropriately to audience questions.			